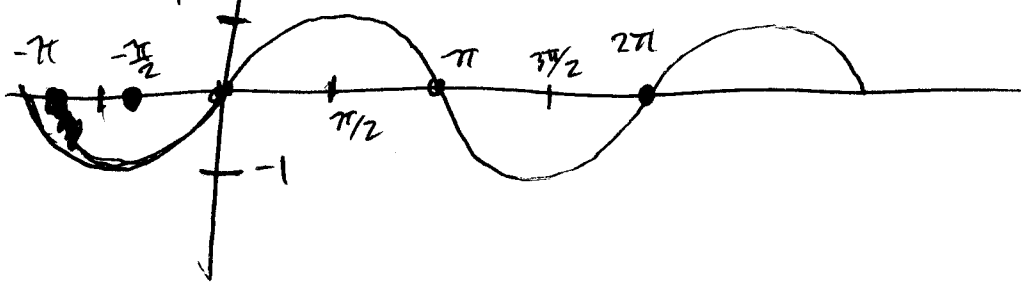


§3.5 Trig functions

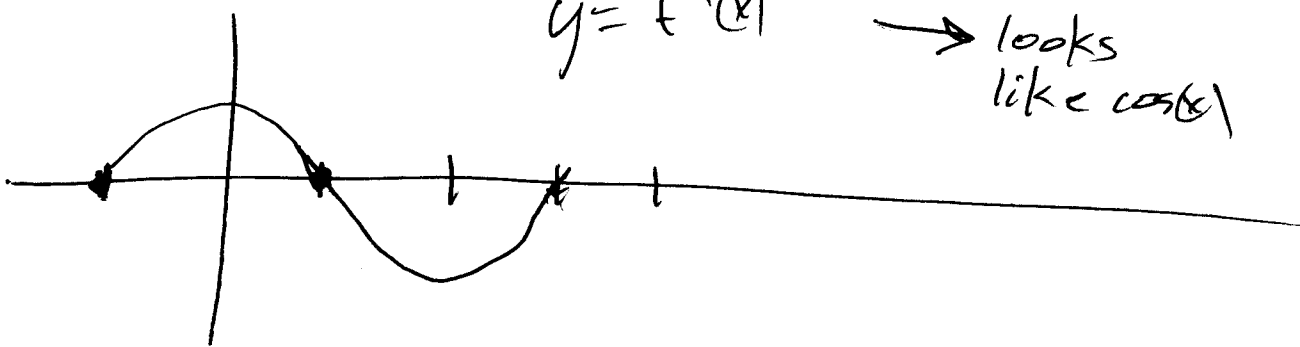
Let $f(x) = \sin(x)$.

$$y = f(x)$$



$$y = f'(x)$$

→ looks like $\cos(x)$



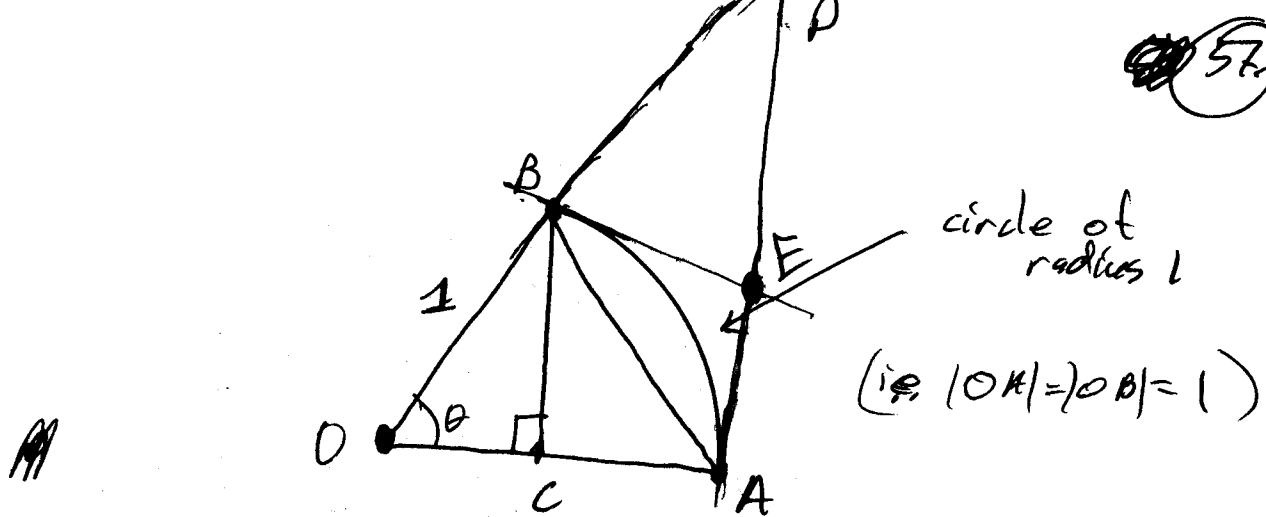
$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(x+h) - \sin(x)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(h)\cos(x) + \sin(x)\cos(h) - \sin(x)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left[\sin(x) \left(\frac{\cos(h) - 1}{h} \right) + \cos(x) \left(\frac{\sin(h)}{h} \right) \right]$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (\sin(x)) \cdot \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\cos(h) - 1}{h} \right) + \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (\cos(x)) \cdot \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin(h)}{h} \right)$$

$$= \sin(x) \cdot \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\cos(h) - 1}{h} \right) + \cos(x) \cdot \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin(h)}{h} \right)$$



$$\text{arc } AB = \text{radius} \cdot \theta = \theta$$

$$|BC| = \sin \theta \cdot |OB| = \sin \theta$$

Note: $|BC| < |AB|$

$$\Rightarrow \sin(\theta) = |BC| < |AB| = \theta$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sin(\theta)}{\theta} < 1$$

Note:



arc length of circle
 $<$ perimeter of polygon

$$\therefore \theta = \text{arc } AC < |BE| + |AE|$$

$$< |ED| + |AE|$$

$$= |AD| = |OA| \tan(\theta)$$

$$= \tan \theta$$

~~tan theta~~

~~tan theta~~

$$\therefore \theta < \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos(\theta) < \frac{\sin \theta}{\theta}$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos(\theta) < \frac{\sin \theta}{\theta} < 1$$

As $\theta \rightarrow 0$ $\cos(\theta) \rightarrow \cos(0) = 1$

Thus by the squeeze theorem

$$\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \theta}{\theta} = 1$$

$$\frac{\cos \theta - 1}{\theta} = \frac{\cos \theta - 1}{\theta} \cdot \frac{\cos \theta + 1}{\cos \theta + 1}$$

$$= \frac{\cos^2 \theta - 1}{\theta (\cos \theta + 1)} = \frac{-\sin^2 \theta}{\theta (\cos \theta + 1)}$$

$$= \frac{-\sin \theta}{\theta} \cdot \frac{\sin \theta}{(\cos \theta + 1)}$$

$$\theta \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow -1 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$\therefore f'(x) = \cos(x)$$

eg. $f(x) = x^3 \sin(x)$ $f' =$

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$$\frac{d}{dx} \cos(x) = -\sin(x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \tan(x) = \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{\sin}{\cos} \right)$$

csc	$\xrightarrow{D}$	csc cot
sec	$\rightarrow$	sec tan
cot	$\Rightarrow$	$-\csc^2$

eg. $f(x) = \frac{\sec}{1+\tan}$ $f' = ?$

eg. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 2x}{4x}$

eg. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x \cot(x)$