1. Let $X_{1}, X_{2}$ be vector spaces over a field $K$. Show that $\operatorname{dim}\left(X_{1} \times X_{2}\right)=\operatorname{dim} X_{1}+\operatorname{dim} X_{2}$.
2. Let $Y$ be a subspace of a vector space $X$. Show that $Y \times X / Y$ is isomorphic to $X$.
3. Let $K$ be a finite field. The characteristic of $K$, denoted char $K$, is the smallest positive integer $n$ for which $n 1:=\underbrace{1+1+\cdots+1}_{n \text { times }}=0$.
(a) Prove that the characteristic of $K$ is prime.
(b) Show that $K$ is a vector space over $\mathbb{Z}_{p}$, where $p=$ char $K$.
(c) Show that the order $|K|$ of $K$ (the number of elements it contains) is a prime power.
(d) Show that if $K$ and $L$ are finite fields with $K \subset L$ and $|K|=p^{m}$ and $|L|=p^{n}$, then $m$ divides $n$.
4. Let $X$ be a vector space over a field $K$ and let $X^{\prime}$ be the the set of linear functions from $X$ to $K$, also known as the dual space of $X$.
(a) Let $v_{1}, \ldots, v_{n}$ be a basis for $X$. For each $i$, show there exists a unique linear map $f_{i}: X \rightarrow K$ such that $f_{i}\left(v_{i}\right)=1$ and $f_{i}\left(v_{j}\right)=0$ for $j \neq i$.
(b) Show that $f_{1}, \ldots, f_{n}$ is a basis for $X^{\prime}$ (called the dual basis of $v_{1}, \ldots, v_{n}$ ).
(c) Consider the basis $v_{1}=(1,-1,3), v_{2}=(0,1,-1)$, and $v_{3}=(0,3,-2)$ of $X=\mathbb{R}^{3}$. Find a formula for each element of the dual basis.
(d) Express the linear map $f \in X^{\prime}$, where $f(x, y, z)=2 x-y+3 z$ as a linear combination of the dual basis, $f_{1}, f_{2}, f_{3}$.
5. Let $S$ be a subset of $X$. The annihilator of $S$ is the set

$$
S^{\perp}=\left\{\ell \in X^{\prime} \mid \ell(s)=0 \text { for all } s \in S\right\} .
$$

(a) Show that if $S$ is a subspace of $X$, then $S^{\perp}$ is a subspace of $X^{\prime}$.
(b) Let $Y$ be the smallest subspace of $X$ that contains $S$. Show that $S^{\perp}=Y^{\perp}$.

