# MATH 3110 - Fall 2015 

Homework 10
Due: Thursday November 12

1. Compute the eigenvalues and the eigenvectors of the following matrices if possible.
(a) $A=\left(\begin{array}{ll}5 & -2 \\ 4 & -1\end{array}\right)$
(b) $B=\left(\begin{array}{ccc}-3 & -3 & 6 \\ 6 & 6 & -6 \\ 0 & 0 & 3\end{array}\right)$
(c) $C=\left(\begin{array}{cc}4 & 1 \\ -1 & 2\end{array}\right)$
(d) $D=\left(\begin{array}{ccc}\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1\end{array}\right)$
2. Diagonalize matrix $A=\left(\begin{array}{lll}0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0\end{array}\right)$ by finding the matrices $S$ and $\Lambda$.
3. Diagonalize $A$ and compute $S \Lambda^{k} S^{-1}$ to prove this formula for $A^{k}$

$$
A=\left(\begin{array}{cc}
2 & -1 \\
-1 & 2
\end{array}\right) \quad \text { and } \quad A^{k}=\frac{1}{2}\left(\begin{array}{cc}
1+3^{k} & 1-3^{k} \\
1-3^{k} & 1+3^{k}
\end{array}\right)
$$

