MTHSC 206 Section 16.8 – Stokes' Theorem

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Goal

We wish to generalize Green's theorem to surfaces. That is we wish to relate the integral of a function over a surface to the line integral of some function around the boundary.

INDUCED ORIENTATION

Given a smooth orientable surface S and an orientation (-i.e. a continuous choice of unit normal on S), we define the orientation on the boundary ∂S of S to be such that if you walk around ∂S in the positive direction with your head pointing in the direction of the unit normal of S, then then the surface will remain on your left.

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THEOREM (STOKES)

Let S be an oriented piecewise-smooth surface that is bounded by a simple, closed, piecewise-smooth boundary curve ∂S with orientation induced form S. Let F be a vector field whose components have continuous partials on an open region of \mathbb{R}^3 that contains S. Then

$$\int_{C} F \cdot dr = \int \int_{S} curl(F) \cdot d\mathbb{S}$$

EXAMPLE

Evaluate $\int_C F \cdot dr$ where $F(x, y, z) = [-y^2, x, z^2]$ and C is the curve of intersection of the plane y + z = 2 and the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 1$.

EXAMPLE

Use Stokes' Theorem to compute the integral $\int \int_S \operatorname{curl}(F) \cdot dS$, where F = [xz, yz, xy] and S is the part of the sphere of radius 2 lying inside the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ and above the *xy*-plane.

Note

Note that if S_1 and S_2 are two orientable piecewise-smooth surfaces with the same boundary C which satisfies the hypothesis of Stokes' theorem, then

$$\int \int_{S_1} \operatorname{curl}(F) \, \mathrm{d}\mathbb{S} = \int \int_C F \cdot \, \mathrm{d}\mathbf{r} = \int \int_{S_2} \operatorname{curl}(F) \cdot \, \mathrm{d}\mathbb{S}.$$

Note

If F is conservative then curl(F) = 0. Thus for piecewise-smooth closed curves C we have

$$\int \int_{C} F \cdot d\mathbf{r} = \int \int_{S} \operatorname{curl}(F) \cdot d\mathbb{S} = 0,$$

where S is any smooth orientable surface with $\partial S = C$.

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