# MTHSC 412 Section 7.8 –Quotient Groups and Homomorphisms

Kevin James

Kevin James MTHSC 412 Section 7.8 –Quotient Groups and Homomorphism

・日・ ・ ヨ・ ・ ヨ・

### DEFINITION

Let  $f : G \to H$  be a homomorphism of groups. We define the kernel of f as

$$\ker(f) = \{g \in G \mid f(g) = e_H\}.$$

æ

#### DEFINITION

Let  $f : G \to H$  be a homomorphism of groups. We define the kernel of f as

$$\ker(f) = \{g \in G \mid f(g) = e_H\}.$$

#### Theorem

Let  $f : G \to H$  be a homomorphism of groups. Then  $ker(f) \trianglelefteq G$ .

▲圖▶ ▲屋▶ ▲屋▶

3

#### DEFINITION

Let  $f : G \to H$  be a homomorphism of groups. We define the kernel of f as

$$\ker(f) = \{g \in G \mid f(g) = e_H\}.$$

#### Theorem

Let  $f : G \to H$  be a homomorphism of groups. Then  $ker(f) \trianglelefteq G$ .

#### THEOREM

Let  $f : G \to H$  be a homomorphism of groups. Then, f is injective if and only if ker $(f) = \{e_G\}$ .

・ロン ・回 と ・ ヨ と ・ ヨ と

#### Theorem

Let  $N \trianglelefteq G$ . Then the map  $\pi : G \to G/N$  given by  $\pi(g) = Ng$  is a surjective homomorphism with  $ker(\pi) = N$ .

(ロ) (同) (E) (E) (E)

### Theorem

Let  $N \trianglelefteq G$ . Then the map  $\pi : G \to G/N$  given by  $\pi(g) = Ng$  is a surjective homomorphism with  $\ker(\pi) = N$ .

## THEOREM (FIRST ISOMORPHISM THEOREM)

Let  $f : G \to H$  be a surjective homomorphism of groups. Then  $G/\ker(f) \cong H$ .

(ロ) (同) (E) (E) (E)