

GROUP ACTIONS

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DEFINITION

Suppose that G is a group and A is a nonempty set. A group action of G on A is a function $\cdot : G \times A \rightarrow A$ satisfying the following axioms.

- 1 $g_1(g_2 \cdot a) = (g_1 \cdot g_2) \cdot a$ for all $g_1, g_2 \in G; a \in A$.
- 2 $1_G \cdot a = a \forall a \in A$.

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PROPOSITION

Suppose that a group G acts on a set A . For all, $g \in G$, let $\sigma_g : A \rightarrow A$ be defined by $\sigma_g(a) = g \cdot a$. Then the map $g \mapsto \sigma_g$ is a homomorphism $G \rightarrow S_A$.

EXAMPLE

- 1 Given any group G and any set A , we have the trivial action $g \cdot a = a$.
- 2 S_A acts on A .
- 3 D_{2n} acts on the regular n -gon.
- 4 $GL_2(\mathbb{Z})$ acts on \mathbb{C} by linear fractional transformations. Check this one.