## THE ISOMORPHISM THEOREMS

Kevin James

Kevin James The Isomorphism Theorems

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## THEOREM (FIRST ISOMORPHISM THEOREM)

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#### COROLLARY

Let  $\phi : \mathbf{G} \to \mathbf{H}$  be a homomorphism of groups. Then,

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 is injective if and only if ker $(\phi) = \{1_G\}$ .

**2**  $[G : \ker(\phi)] = |\phi(G)|.$ 

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#### Theorem (Second or Diamond Isomorphism Theorem)

Suppose that  $A, B \leq G$  with  $A \leq N_G(B)$ . Then,  $AB \leq G$ ,  $B \leq AB$ ,  $A \cap B \leq A$  and  $AB/B \cong A/(A \cap B)$ .

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## THEOREM (FOURTH ISOMORPHISM THEOREM)

Let G be a group and let  $N \leq G$ . Then there is a bijection from the set of subgroups  $A \leq G$  which contain N onto the set of subgroups  $A/N \leq G/N$ . In particular, every subgroup of G/N is of the form A/N for some  $N \leq A \leq G$ . This bijection has the following properties.

- **1**  $A \leq B$  if and only if  $A/N \leq B/N$ ,
- 2) if  $A \le B$  then, [B : A] = [B/N : A/N],

$$3 < A, B > /N = < A/N, B/N >$$

- $(A \cap B) / N = A/N \cap B/N, and$
- **6**  $A \leq G$  if and only if  $A/N \leq G/N$ .

#### Note

Suppose  $N \subseteq G$  and that  $\Phi : G \to H$  is a homomorphism then the map  $\phi : G/N \to H$  is well-defined if and only if  $N \leq \ker(\Phi)$ . In this case, we say that the map  $\Phi$  factors through N and that  $\phi$  is the induced homomorphism on G/N.