MthSc 208, Fall 2010 (Differential Equations) Dr. Matthew Macauley HW 14 Due Tuesday October 19th, 2010

- (1) Use the Laplace transform to solve the following initial value problems.
 - (a) $y' 4y = e^{-2t}t^2$, y(0) = 1

(b) $y'' - 9y = -2e^t$, y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1

 $\left(2\right)$ Find the Laplace transform of the given functions.

(a)
$$3H(t-2)$$

- (b) (t-2)H(t-2)
- (c) $e^{2(t-1)}H(t-1)$
- (d) $H(t \pi/4) \sin 3(t \pi/4)$
- (e) $t^2 H(t-1)$
- (f) $e^{-t}H(t-2)$
- (3) In this exercise, you will examine the effect of shifts in the time domain on the Laplace transform (graphically).
 - (a) Sketch the graph of $f(t) = \sin t$ in the time domain. Find the Laplace transform $F(s) = \mathcal{L}{f(t)}(s)$. Sketch the graph of F in the s-domain on the interval [0,2].
 - (b) Sketch the graph of $g(t) = H(t-1)\sin(t-1)$ in the time domain. Find the Laplace transform $G(s) = \mathcal{L}\{g(t)\}(s)$. Sketch the graph of G in the s-domain on the interval [0, 2] on the same axes used to sketch the graph of F.
 - (c) Repeat the directions in part (b) for $g(t) = H(t-2)\sin(t-2)$. Explain why engineers like to say that "a shift in the time domain leads to an attenuation (scaling) in the s-domain."
- (4) Use the Heaviside function to concisely write each piecewise function.

(a)
$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 5 & 2 \le t < 4; \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(b) $f(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0; \\ t & 0 \le t < 3, \\ 4 & t \ge 3 \end{cases}$
(c) $f(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0; \\ t^2 & 0 \le t < 2, \\ 4 & t \ge 2 \end{cases}$

(5) Find the inverse Laplace transform of each function. Create a piecewise definition for your solution that doesn't use the Heavyside function.

(a)
$$F(s) = \frac{e^{-2s}}{s+3}$$

(b) $F(s) = \frac{1-e^{-s}}{s^2}$
(c) $F(s) = \frac{e^{-s}}{s^2+4}$