Math 2080: Differential Equations Worksheet 7.4: The wave equation

NAME:

Let u(x,t) be defined for $0 \le x \le 1$ and t > 0, and consider the following PDE

 $u_{tt} + 2\beta u_t = u_{xx},$ $u(0,t) = u(\pi,t) = 0,$ $u(x,0) = x(\pi-x),$ $u_t(x,0) = 1.$

where $0 < \beta < 1$ is a constant. This is the wave equation where the u_t term models transverse vibrations being in a medium that imparts a resistance proportional to the instantaneous velocity.

(a) Describe and sketch this situation at t = 0.

(b) Assume that there is a solution of the form u(x,t) = f(x)g(t). Plug this back into the PDE and get an ODE for g(t) and a BVP for f(x).

(c) The BVP should be familiar: $f'' = -\lambda f$, $f(0) = f(\pi) = 0$, and we've seen that $\lambda_n = n^2$ for $n = 0, 1, 2, \ldots$ and $f_n(x) = b_n \sin nx$. Solve the ODE for g(t).

(d) Write down the general solution to this PDE.

(e) Use the initial conditions to find the particular solution solving the boundary and initial conditions.

(f) What is the long-term behavior of this system? Give both a mathematical and physical justification.