Math 2080: Differential Equations Worksheet 5.2: Properties & applications of Laplace transforms

NAME:

The following properties of the Laplace transform will be useful in this worksheet:

(i)
$$\mathcal{L}\lbrace e^{at}\rbrace(s) = \frac{1}{s-a}$$

(iv)
$$\mathcal{L}\{\sin bt\}(s) = \frac{b}{s^2 + b^2}$$
.

(ii)
$$\mathcal{L}\lbrace t^n \rbrace (s) = \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}},$$

(v)
$$\mathcal{L}\{e^{ct} f(t)\}(s) = F(s-c)$$

(vi) $\mathcal{L}\{t^n f(t)\}(s) = (-1)^n \frac{d^n}{ds^n} F(s)$

(iii)
$$\mathcal{L}\{\cos bt\}(s) = \frac{s}{s^2 + b^2}$$
.

(vii)
$$\mathcal{L}{y''(t)}(s) = s^2 Y(s) - sy(0) - y'(0)$$

1. Compute the Laplace transform of te^{3t} two ways: using Properties (v) and (vi).

2. Compute the Laplace transform of $e^{2t}\cos 6t$.

3. Compute the inverse Laplace transform of $Y(s) = \frac{3}{2-6s}$. (Factor out -6)

4. Compute the inverse Laplace transform of $Y(s) = \frac{1}{(s-3)(s+1)}$. (Partial fractions)

5. Compute the inverse Laplace transform of $Y(s) = \frac{1}{s^2 + 4s + 13}$. (Complete the square)

6. Compute the inverse Laplace transform of $Y(s) = \frac{s}{s^2 + 4s + 13}$. (Complete the square)

- 7. In this problem, you will solve the initial value problem: $y'' y = e^{2t}$, y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0.
 - (a) Take the Laplace transform of the initial value problem and solve for Y.

(b) Use partial fraction decomposition to break up your equation for Y(s).

(c) Take the inverse Laplace transform of each fraction to get the solution to the initial value problem.

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