

Lecture 6.3: Fourier sine and cosine series

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Math 2080, Differential Equations

Exploiting symmetry

Definition

A function $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is

- **even** if $f(x) = f(-x)$ for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$,
- **odd** if $f(x) = -f(-x)$ for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

Even and odd extensions

Definition

Let $f(x)$ be a function with domain $[0, \pi]$. There are several natural ways to make $f(x)$ periodic:

- the *periodic extension* of $f(x)$,
- the **even extension** of $f(x)$,
- the **odd extension** of $f(x)$.

Sine and cosine series

Definition

Let $f(x)$ be a function with domain $[0, \pi]$.

- The **Fourier cosine series** of f is the Fourier series of the **even extension** of f .
- The **Fourier sine series** of f is the Fourier series of the **odd extension** of f .

Computations

Example 1

Let $f(x) = x$ on $[0, \pi]$. Compute the Fourier sine and cosine series of $f(x)$.

Computations

Example 2

Compute the Fourier sine and cosine series of $f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & 0 \leq x < \pi/2 \\ \pi - x, & \pi/2 \leq x < \pi \end{cases}$

Save yourself some work

Example 3

Compute the Fourier sine series of the function $f(x) = x(\pi - x)$ defined on $[0, \pi]$.