

MthSc 208, Spring 2011 (Differential Equations)

Dr. Macauley

HW 14

Due Thursday, March 31st, 2011

- (1) Find the inverse Laplace transform of the following functions.
- (a)  $Y(s) = \frac{2}{3 - 5s}$
  - (b)  $Y(s) = \frac{1}{s^2 + 4}$
  - (c)  $Y(s) = \frac{5s}{s^2 + 9}$
  - (d)  $Y(s) = \frac{3}{s^2}$
  - (e)  $Y(s) = \frac{3s + 2}{s^2 + 25}$
  - (f)  $Y(s) = \frac{2 - 5s}{s^2 + 9}$
  - (g)  $Y(s) = \frac{s}{(s + 2)^2 + 4}$
  - (h)  $Y(s) = \frac{3s + 2}{s^2 + 4s + 29}$
  - (i)  $Y(s) = \frac{2s - 2}{(s - 4)(s + 2)}$
  - (j)  $Y(s) = \frac{3s^2 + s + 1}{(s - 2)(s^2 + 1)}$
- (2) Use the Laplace transform to solve the following initial value problems.
- (a)  $y' - 4y = e^{-2t}t^2$ ,  $y(0) = 1$
  - (b)  $y'' - 9y = -2e^t$ ,  $y(0) = 0$ ,  $y'(0) = 1$
- (3) Find the Laplace transform of the given functions.
- (a)  $3H(t - 2)$
  - (b)  $(t - 2)H(t - 2)$
  - (c)  $e^{2(t-1)}H(t - 1)$
  - (d)  $H(t - \pi/4) \sin 3(t - \pi/4)$
  - (e)  $t^2H(t - 1)$
  - (f)  $e^{-t}H(t - 2)$
- (4) In this exercise, you will examine the effect of shifts in the time domain on the Laplace transform (graphically).
- (a) Sketch the graph of  $f(t) = \sin t$  in the time domain. Find the Laplace transform  $F(s) = \mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}(s)$ . Sketch the graph of  $F$  in the  $s$ -domain on the interval  $[0, 2]$ .
  - (b) Sketch the graph of  $g(t) = H(t - 1) \sin(t - 1)$  in the time domain. Find the Laplace transform  $G(s) = \mathcal{L}\{g(t)\}(s)$ . Sketch the graph of  $G$  in the  $s$ -domain on the interval  $[0, 2]$  on the same axes used to sketch the graph of  $F$ .
  - (c) Repeat the directions in part (b) for  $g(t) = H(t - 2) \sin(t - 2)$ . Explain why engineers like to say that “a shift in the time domain leads to an attenuation (scaling) in the  $s$ -domain.”
- (5) Use the Heaviside function to concisely write each piecewise function.
- (a)  $f(t) = \begin{cases} 5 & 2 \leq t < 4; \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$
  - (b)  $f(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0; \\ t & 0 \leq t < 3 \\ 4 & t \geq 3 \end{cases}$
  - (c)  $f(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0; \\ t^2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 4 & t \geq 2 \end{cases}$

(6) Find the inverse Laplace transform of each function. Create a piecewise definition for your solution that doesn't use the Heavyside function.

$$(a) F(s) = \frac{e^{-2s}}{s+3}$$

$$(b) F(s) = \frac{1-e^{-s}}{s^2}$$

$$(c) F(s) = \frac{e^{-s}}{s^2+4}$$